

College Algebra

Name: _____

Study Guide 12

Class: _____

Due Date: _____

Score: _____

No Work \Leftrightarrow No Points

Use Pencil Only \Leftrightarrow Be Neat & Organized

1. (2 points) Use synthetic division to show 1 is a solution of $4x^2 - 3x - 1 = 0$.

1. _____

2. (3 points) Use synthetic division to show -2 is a solution of $x^3 + 6x^2 + 12x + 8 = 0$.

2. _____

3. (4 points) Use synthetic division to show $x + 3$ and $x - 4$ are factors of $p(x) = 2x^3 + x^2 - 27x - 36$, then write $p(x)$ in factored form.

3. _____

4. (4 points) Use synthetic division to show $3x + 1$ is a repeated factor of $p(x) = 9x^3 - 39x^2 - 29x - 5$, then write $p(x)$ in factored form.

4. _____

5. Find a second degree polynomial equation $p(x) = ax^2 + bx + c$, with the given zeros below:

(a) (3 points) -5 and $\frac{1}{2}$

(a) _____

(b) (3 points) $\pm 4i$

(b) _____

(c) (4 points) $-5 \pm 3i$

(c) _____

(d) (4 points) $2 \pm \sqrt{5}$

(d) _____

6. Find a third degree polynomial equation $p(x) = ax^3 + bx^2 + cx + d$, with the given zeros below:

(a) (3 points) $-5, 1$, and $\frac{-1}{2}$

(a) _____

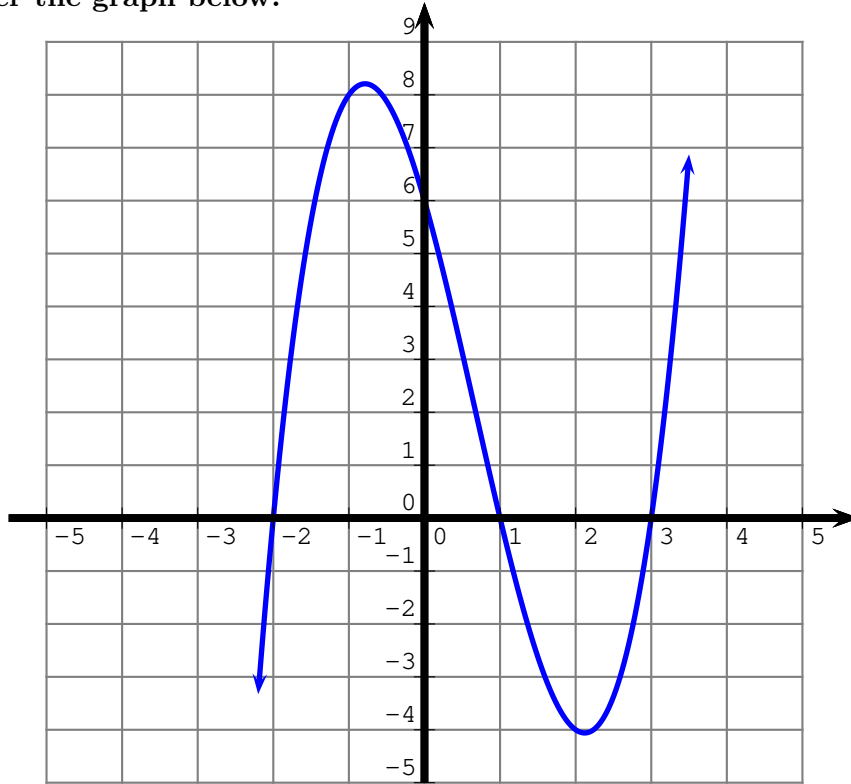
(b) (3 points) $\pm\frac{2}{3}$, and 2

(b) _____

(c) (4 points) $3 \pm 4i$, and -2

(c) _____

7. Consider the graph below:



(a) (3 points) What are the x -intercepts of this graph?

(a) _____

(b) (2 points) What is the y -intercept of this graph?

(b) _____

(c) (5 points) Find a third degree polynomial equation $p(x) = ax^3 + bx^2 + cx + d$ for the graph displayed above.

(c) _____

(d) (3 points) Find the interval where $p(x) \geq 0$.

(d) _____